(b) Sections 171.140, 171.145, 171.150, and 171.155 apply to each vessel under 100 gross tons.

[CGD 79-023, 48 FR 51017, Nov. 4, 1983, as amended by CGD 85-080, 61 FR 945, Jan. 10, 1996; 62 FR 51354, Sept. 30, 1997]

§171.135 Weather deck drainage on a vessel of 100 gross tons or more.

The weather deck must have freeing ports, open rails, and scuppers, as necessary, to allow rapid clearing of water under all weather conditions.

§171.140 Drainage of a flush deck vessel.

- (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, the weather deck on a flush deck vessel must be watertight and have no obstruction to overboard drainage.
- (b) Each vessel with a flush deck may have solid bulwarks in the forward onethird length of the vessel if—
- The bulwarks do not form a well enclosed on all sides; and
- (2) The foredeck of the vessel has sufficient sheer to ensure drainage aft.

[CGD 85-080, 62 FR 51354, Sept. 30, 1997]

§171.145 Drainage of a vessel with a cockpit.

- (a) Except as follows, the cockpit must be watertight:
- (1) A cockpit may have companionways if they comply with § 171.124(d).
- (2) A cockpit may have ventilation openings along its inner periphery if—
- (i) The vessel operates only on protected or partially protected waters;
- (ii) The ventilation openings are located as high as possible in the side of the cockpit; and
- (iii) The height of the ventilation opening does not exceed 2 inches (5 centimeters).
- (b) The cockpit must be designed to be self-bailing.
- (c) Scuppers installed in a cockpit must be located to allow rapid clearing of water in all probable conditions of list and trim.
- (d) Scuppers must have a combined area of at least the area given by either of the following equations:

A=0.1(D) square inches.

A=6.94(D) square centimeters.

Where—

- A = the combined area of the scuppers in square inches (square centimeters).
- D = the area of the cockpit in square feet (square meters).
- (e) The cockpit deck of a vessel that operates on exposed or partially protected waters must be at least 10 inches (24.5 centimeters) above the deepest subdivision load line, unless the vessel complies with—
- (1) The intact stability requirements of §171.150;
- (2) The Type II subdivision requirements in \$171.070, 171.072, and 171.073; and
- (3) The damage stability requirements in §171.080.
- (f) The cockpit deck of all vessels that do not operate on exposed or partially protected waters must be located as high above the deepest subdivision load line as practicable.

[CGD 85-080, 62 FR 51354, Sept. 30, 1997]

§ 171.150 Drainage of a vessel with a well deck.

- (a) Each well deck on a vessel must be watertight.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraphs (c) and (d) of this section, the area required for freeing ports in the bulwarks that form a well must be determined as follows:
- (1) If a vessel operates on exposed or partially protected waters, it must have at least 100 percent of the freeing port area derived from table 171.150.
- (2) If a vessel operates only on protected or partially protected waters and complies with the requirements in the following sections for a vessel that operates on exposed waters, it must have at least 50 percent of the freeing port area derived from table 171.150:
- (i) The intact stability requirements of §171.030 or 171.050 and §171.170.
- (ii) The subdivision requirements of §171.040, 171.043, or 171.070.
- (iii) The damage stability requirements of §171.080.
- (3) If a vessel operates only on protected waters, the freeing port area must be at least equal to the scupper area required by §171.145(d) for a cockpit of the same size.
- (c) The freeing ports must be located to allow rapid clearing of water in all probable conditions of list and trim.